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■ Tentative Specification
□ Preliminary Specification
□ Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: N156HCG
SUFFIX: GR1 Rev.C1

Customer: HP

APPROVED BY **SIGNATURE**

Name / Title
Note

Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your signature and comments.

Approved By	Checked By	Prepared By

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CONTENTS

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 4
1.1 OVERVIEW 4
1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATI0NS 4
2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS 4
2.1 CONNECTOR TYPE 4
3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS 5
3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT 5
3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS 5
3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE 5
4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS 6
4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM 6
4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS 6
4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 8
4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION 8
4.3.2 LED CONVERTER SPECIFICATION 10
4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT 12
4.4 DISPLAY PORT INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 13
4.4.1 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS 13
4.4.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT 14
4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 15
4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE 16
5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 19
5.1 TEST CONDITIONS 19
5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS 19
6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM 23
7. PACKING 24
7.1 MODULE LABEL 24
7.2 CARTON 25
7.3 PALLET 26
7.4 UN-PACK METHOD 27
8. PRECAUTIONS 28
8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 28
8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS 28
8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS 28
Appendix. EDID DATA STRUCTURE 30
Appendix. OUTLINE DRAWING 33
Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN GUIDANCE 35
Appendix. LCD MODULE HANDLING MANUAL 43

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REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page	Description
1.0	Jun.06, 2018	All	Spec Ver.1.0 was first issued.

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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

N156HCG-GR1 is a 15.6" (15.6" diagonal) TFT Liquid Crystal Display NB module with LED Backlight unit and 30 pins eDP interface. This module supports 1920 x 1080 FHD AAS mode and can display 16,194,277 colors.

1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATI0NS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Screen Size	15.6 diagonal		
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1920 x R.G.B. x 1080	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.17925 (H) x 0.17925 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16,194,277	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally Black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Glare	-	-
Luminance, White	400	Cd/m2	
Color Gamut	72%	NTSC	
Power Consumption	Total 3.091 W (Max.) @ cell 0.52 W (Max.), BL 2.571 W (Max.)		(1)

Note (1) The specified power consumption (with converter efficiency) is under the conditions at VCCS = 3.3 V, fv = 60 Hz, LED_VCCS = Typ, fPWM = 200 Hz, Duty=100% and Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, whereas mosaic pattern is displayed.

2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal (H)	348.86	349.16	349.46	mm	(1)(2)
	Vertical (V)	214.90	215.40	215.90	mm	
	Thickness (T)	-		2.6	mm	
Active Area	Horizontal	344.06	344.16	344.26	mm	
	Vertical	193.49	193.59	193.69	mm	
Weight		-		300	g	

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

(2) Dimensions are measured by caliper.

2.1 CONNECTOR TYPE

Please refer appendix outline drawing for detail design.

Connector Part No.: I-PEX-20455-030E-76

User's connector Part No: I-PEX-20453-030E-03

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3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

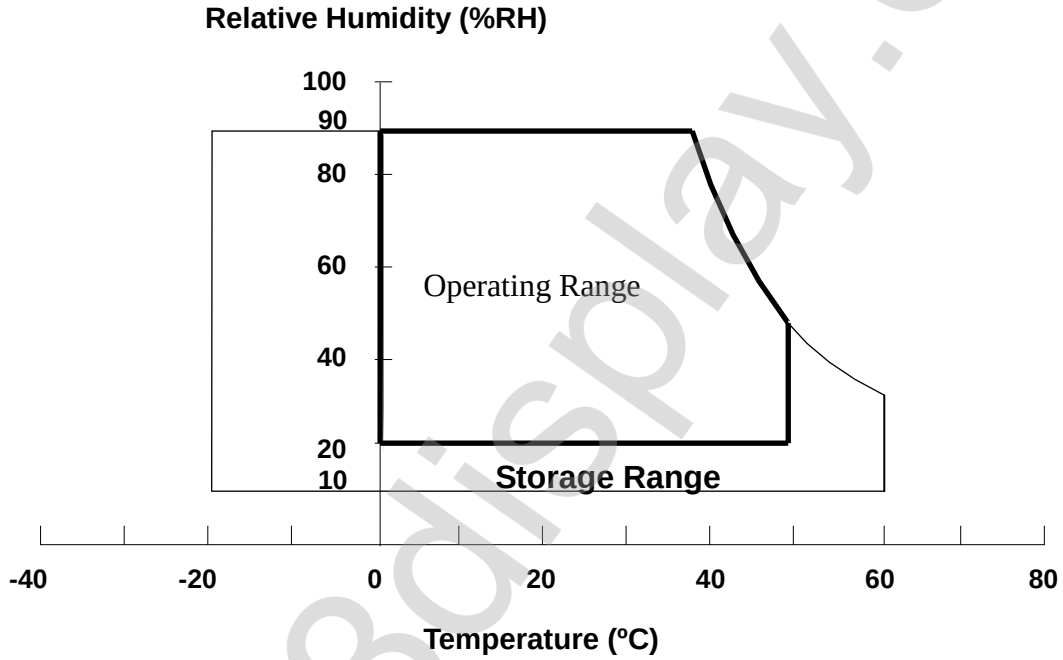
Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	T_{ST}	-20	+60	ºC	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_{OP}	0	+50	ºC	(1), (2)

Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta < 40 ºC).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 ºC Max.

(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 ºC min. and 60 ºC max.



3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	VCCS	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	V_{IN}	-0.3	VCCS+0.3	V	
Converter Input Voltage	LED_VCCS	-0.3	26	V	(1)
Converter Control Signal Voltage	LED_PWM,	-0.3	5	V	(1)
Converter Control Signal Voltage	LED_EN	-0.3	5	V	(1)

Note (1) Stresses beyond those listed in above “ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS” may cause permanent damage to the device. Normal operation should be restricted to the conditions described in “ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS”.

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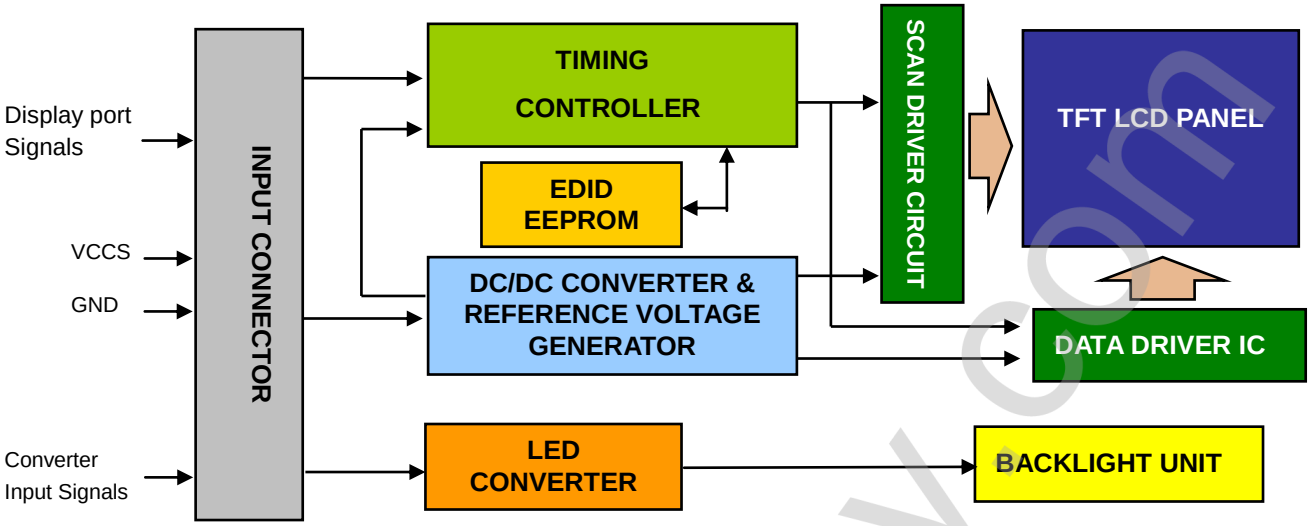
4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS

PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LCD test)	
2	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
3	Lane1_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 1	
4	Lane1_P	True Signal Link Lane 1	
5	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
6	Lane0_N	Complement Signal Link Lane 0	
7	Lane0_P	True Signal Link Lane 0	
8	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
9	AUX_CH_P	True Signal Auxiliary Channel	
10	AUX_CH_N	Complement Signal Auxiliary Channel	
11	H_GND	High Speed Ground	
12	VCCS	LCD logic and driver power	
13	VCCS	LCD logic and driver power	
14	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LCD test)	
15	GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
16	GND	LCD logic and driver ground	
17	HPD	HPD signal pin	
18	BL_GND	Backlight ground	
19	BL_GND	Backlight ground	
20	BL_GND	Backlight ground	
21	BL_GND	Backlight ground	
22	LED_EN	Backlight on /off	
23	LED_PWM	System PWM signal input for dimming	
24	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LCD test)	
25	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LCD test)	
26	LED_VCCS	Backlight power	

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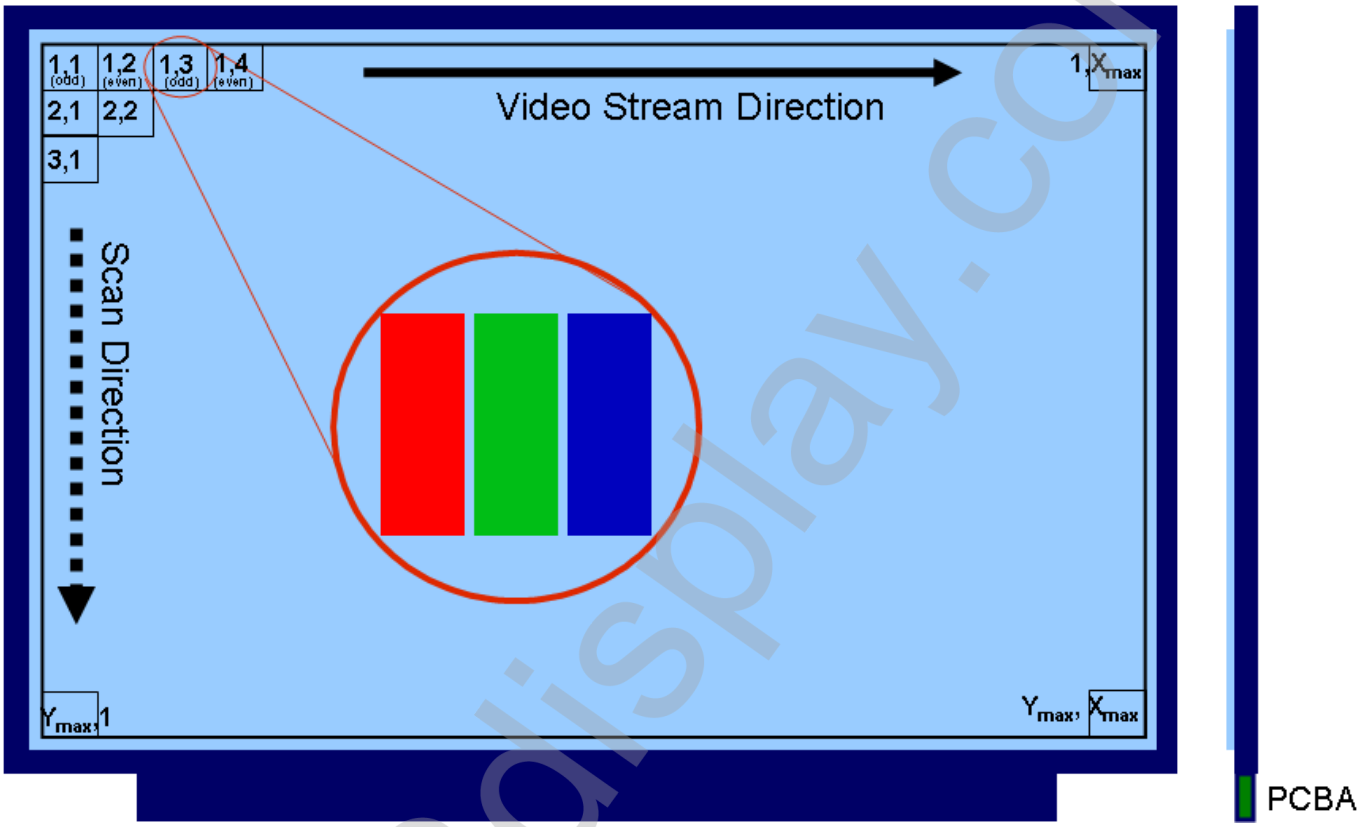
27	LED_VCCS	Backlight power	
28	LED_VCCS	Backlight power	
29	LED_VCCS	Backlight power	
30	NC	No Connection (Reserved for LCD test)	

Note (1) The first pixel is odd as shown in the following figure.



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4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD ELETRONICS SPECIFICATION

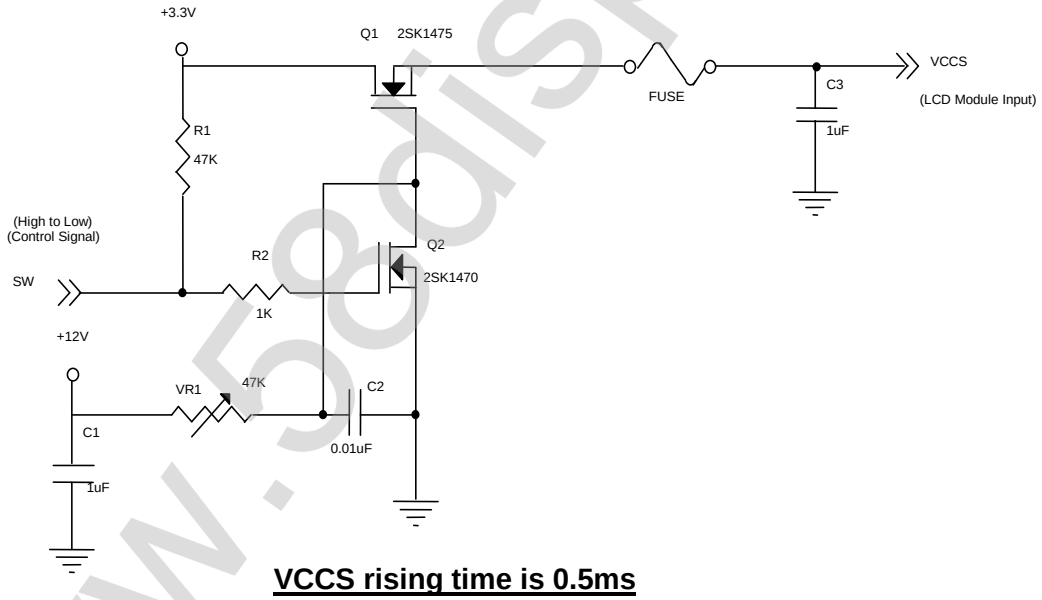
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage		VCCS	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	(1)
HPD	High Level	-	2.25	-	2.75	V	(5)
	Low Level	-	0	-	0.4	V	(5)
HPD Impedance		R_{HPD}	30K			ohm	(5)
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	50	-	mV	(1)
Inrush Current		I_{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	A	(1),(2)
Power Supply Current	Mosaic	Icc	-	(143.3)	(157.6)	mA	(3)a
	Black		-	(140)	(155)	mA	(3)
	Solid Pattern		-	(217)	(238.5)	mA	(3)b
Power per EBL WG		P_{EBL}	-	(0.82)	-	W	(4)

Note (1) The ambient temperature is Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC.

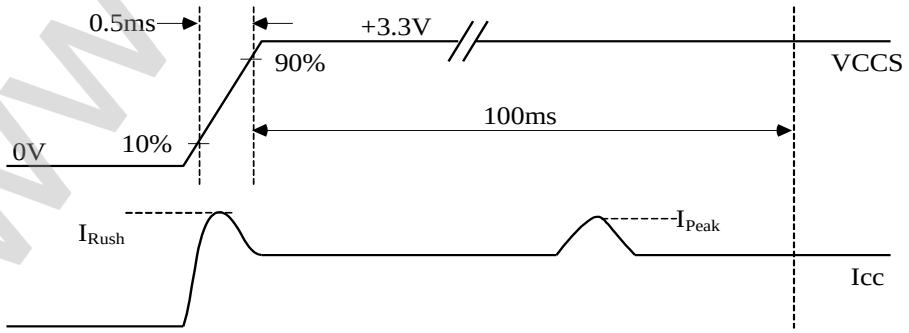
Note (2) I_{RUSH}: the maximum current when VCCS is rising

I_{IS}: the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on

Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. Test pattern: black.



VCCS rising time is 0.5ms



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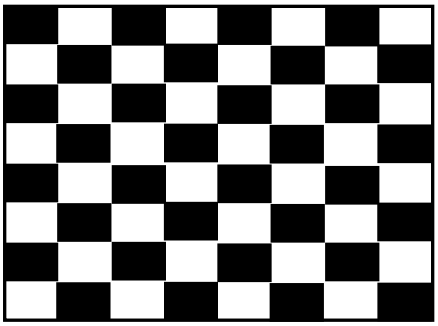
Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at VCCS = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, DC Current and f_v = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. Mosaic Pattern



Active Area

b. The solid pattern is the largest one of R/G/B pattern

Note (4) The specified signals have equivalent impedances pull down to ground in the LCD module respectively. Customers should keep the input signal level requirement with the load of LCD module. Please refer to Note (4) of 4.3.2 LED CONVERTER SPECIFICATION to obtain more information.

Note (5) When a source detects a low-going HPD pulse, it must be regarded as a HPD event. Thus, the source must read the link / sink status field or receiver capability field of the DPCD and take corrective action.

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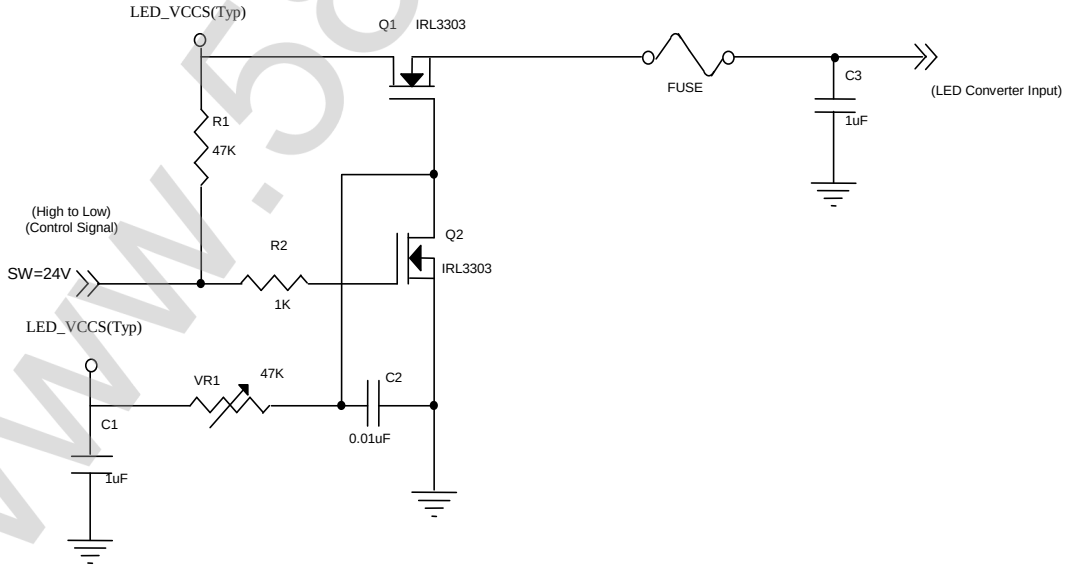
4.3.2 LED CONVERTER SPECIFICATION

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Converter Input Power Supply Voltage		LED_Vccs	5.0	12.0	21.0	V	
Converter Inrush Current		$ILED_{RUSH}$	-	-	1.5	A	(1)
LED_EN Control Level	Backlight On		2.2	-	5.0	V	(4)
	Backlight Off		0	-	0.6	V	(4)
LED_EN Impedance		R_{LED_EN}	30K	-	-	ohm	(4)
PWM Control Level	PWM High Level		2.2	-	5	V	(4)
	PWM Low Level		0	-	0.6	V	(4)
PWM Impedance		R_{PWM}	30K	-	-	ohm	(4)
PWM Control Duty Ratio			5	-	100	%	(5)
PWM Control Permissive Ripple Voltage		VPWM_pp	-	-	100	mV	
PWM Control Frequency		f_{PWM}	190	-	2K	Hz	(2)
LED Power Current	LED_VCCS =Typ.	ILED		(208)	(214)	mA	(3)

Note (1) $ILED_{RUSH}$: the maximum current when LED_VCCS is rising,

$ILED_{IS}$: the maximum current of the first 100ms after power-on,

Measurement Conditions: Shown as the following figure. LED_VCCS = Typ, Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, f_{PWM} = 200 Hz, Duty=100%.



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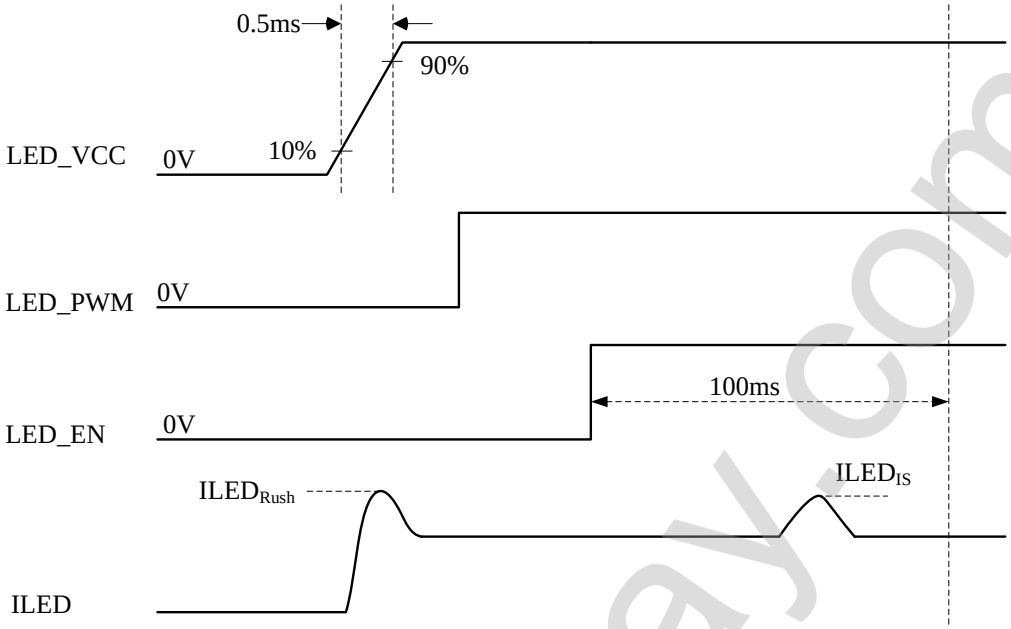
VLED rising time is 0.5ms



Note (2) If PWM control frequency is applied in the range less than 1KHz, the "waterfall" phenomenon on the screen may be found. To avoid the issue, it's a suggestion that PWM control frequency should follow the criterion as below.

PWM control frequency f_{PWM} should be in the range

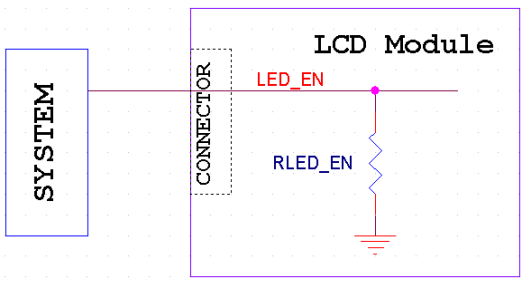
$$(N+0.33)*f \leq f_{PWM} \leq (N+0.66)*f$$

N : Integer $(N \geq 3)$

f : Frame rate

Note (3) The specified LED power supply current is under the conditions at "LED_VCCS = Typ.", Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC, f_{PWM} = 200 Hz, Duty=100%.

Note (4) The specified signals have equivalent impedances pull down to ground in the LCD module respectively. Customers should keep the input signal level requirement with the load of LCD module. For example, the figure below describes the equivalent pull down impedance of LED_EN (If it exists). The rest pull down impedances of other signals (eg. HPD, PWM …) are in the same concept.



Note (5) If the cycle-to-cycle difference of PWM duty exceeds 0.1%, especially when the PWM duty is low, slight brightness change might be observed.

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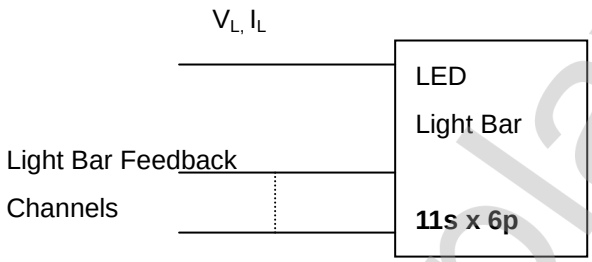
4.3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 25 ± 2 ºC

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
LED Light Bar Power Supply Voltage	V_L	(26)	(29)	(30)	V	(1)(2)(Duty100%)
LED Light Bar Power Supply Current	I_L	--	(72)	--	mA	
Power Consumption	P_L	(1.872)	(2.088)	(2.160)	W	(3)
LED Life Time	L_{BL}	15000	-	-	Hrs	(4)

Note (1) LED current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below :



Note (2) For better LED light bar driving quality, it is recommended to utilize the adaptive boost converter with current balancing function to drive LED light-bar.

Note (3) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$ (Without LED converter transfer efficiency)

Note (4) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 ±2 °C and I_L = 12 mA (Per EA) until the brightness becomes ≦ 50% of its original value.

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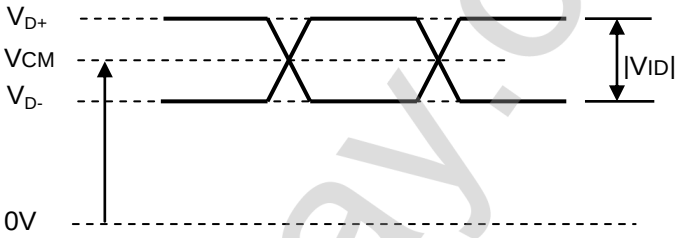
4.4 DISPLAY PORT INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

4.4.1 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

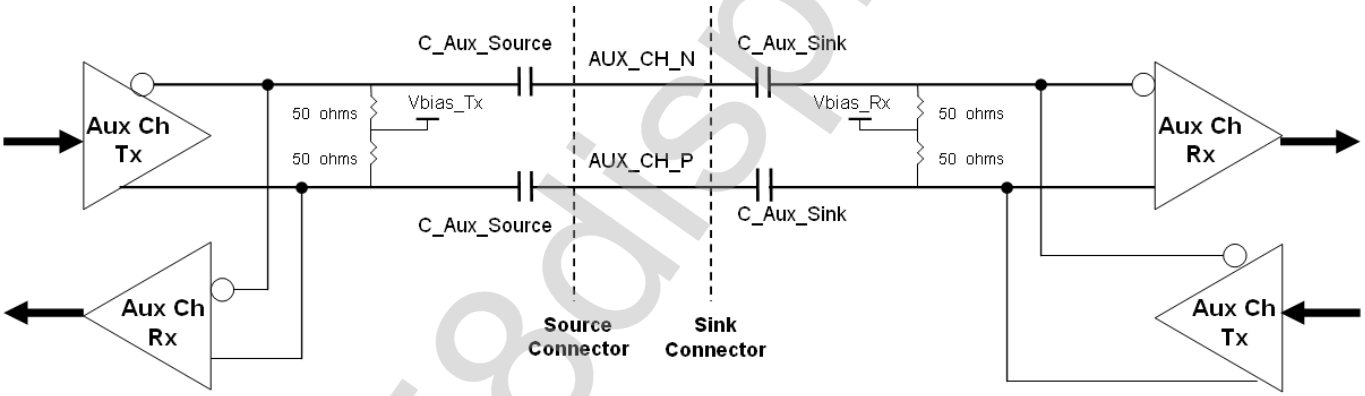
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Differential Signal Common Mode Voltage(MainLink and AUX)	VCM	0		2	V	(1)(4)
AUX AC Coupling Capacitor	C_Aux_Source	75		200	nF	(2)
Main Link AC Coupling Capacitor	C_ML_Source	75		200	nF	(3)

Note (1)Display port interface related AC coupled signals should follow VESA DisplayPort Standard Version1. Revision 1a and VESA Embedded DisplayPort™ Standard Version 1.2. There are many optional items described in eDP1.2. If some optional item is requested, please contact us.

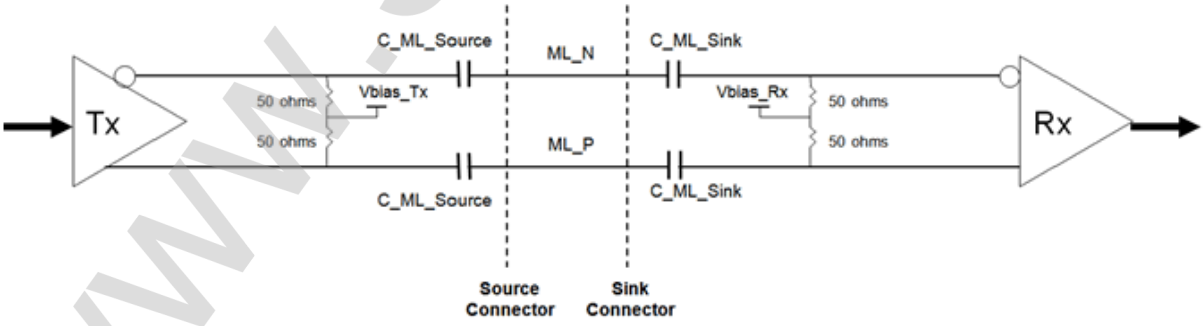
Single Ended



(2) Recommended eDP AUX Channel topology is as below and the AUX AC Coupling Capacitor (C_Aux_Source) should be placed on the source device.



(3) Recommended Main Link Channel topology is as below and the Main Link AC Coupling Capacitor (C_ML_Source) should be placed on the source device.



(4) The source device should pass the test criteria described in DisplayPortCompliance Test Specification (CTS) 1.1

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4.4.2 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																							
		Red								Green								Blue							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

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4.5 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

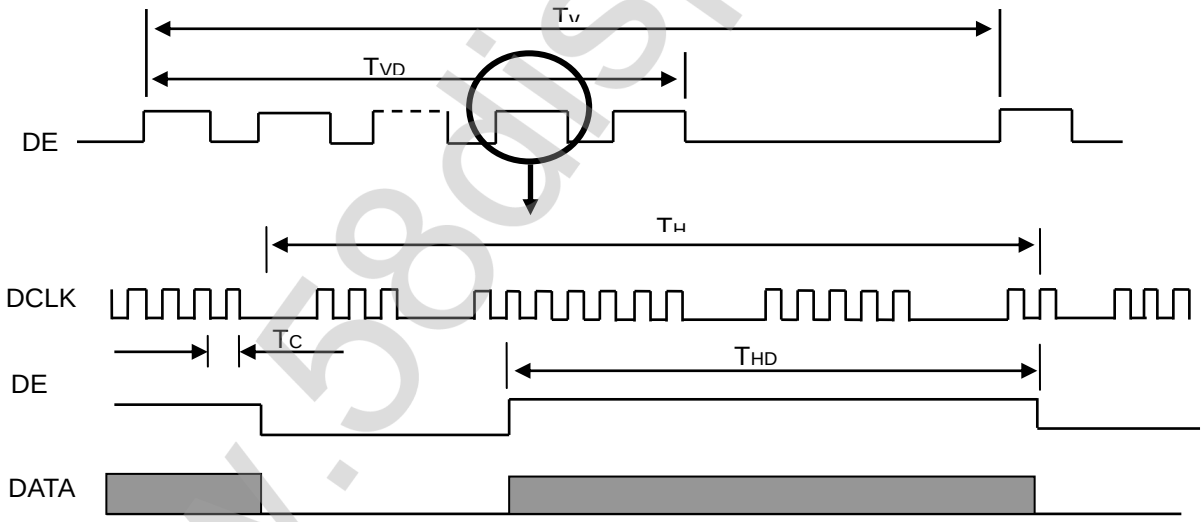
Refresh Rate 60Hz

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	151.6	152.84	154.04	MHz	-
DE	Vertical Total Time	TV	1128	1132	1136	TH	-
	Vertical Active Display Period	TVD	1080	1080	1080	TH	-
	Vertical Active Blanking Period	TVB	TV-TVD	52	TV-TVD	TH	-
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	2230	2250	2270	Tc	-
	Horizontal Active Display Period	THD	1920	1920	1920	Tc	-
	Horizontal Active Blanking Period	THB	TH-THD	330	TH-THD	Tc	-

Refresh rate 40Hz (Power Saving Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	151.6	152.84	154.04	MHz	-
DE	Vertical Total Time	TV	1694	1698	1702	TH	-
	Vertical Active Display Period	TVD	1080	1080	1080	TH	-
	Vertical Active Blanking Period	TVB	TV-TVD	618	TV-TVD	TH	-
	Horizontal Total Time	TH	2230	2250	2270	Tc	-
	Horizontal Active Display Period	THD	1920	1920	1920	Tc	-
	Horizontal Active Blanking Period	THB	TH-THD	330	TH-THD	Tc	-

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



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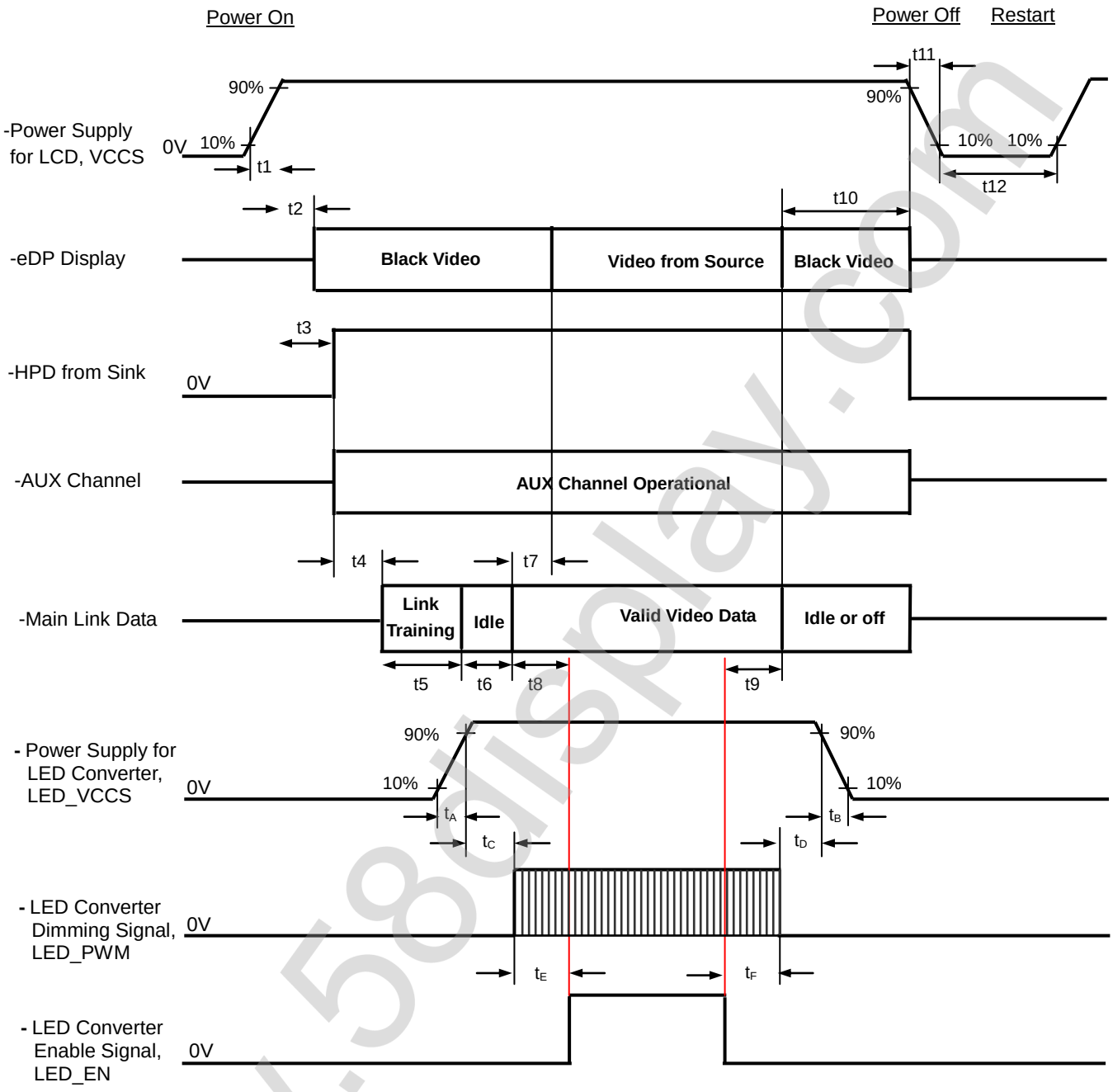
4.6 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



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Timing Specifications

Parameter	Description	Reqd. By	Value		Unit	Notes
			Min	Max		
t1	Power rail rise time, 10% to 90%	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
t2	Delay from LCD,VCCS to black video generation	Sink	0	200	ms	Automatic Black Video generation prevents display noise until valid video data is received from the Source (see Notes:2 and 3 below)
t3	Delay from LCD,VCCS to HPD high	Sink	0	200	ms	Sink AUX Channel must be operational upon HPD high (see Note:4 below)
t4	Delay from HPD high to link training initialization	Source	0	-	ms	Allows for Source to read Link capability and initialize
t5	Link training duration	Source	0	-	ms	Dependant on Source link training protocol
t6	Link idle	Source	0	-	ms	Min Accounts for required BS-Idle pattern. Max allows for Source frame synchronization
t7	Delay from valid video data from Source to video on display	Sink	0	50	ms	Max value allows for Sink to validate video data and timing. At the end of T7, Sink will indicate the detection of valid video data by setting the SINK_STATUS bit to logic 1 (DPCD 00205h, bit 0), and Sink will no longer generate automatic Black Video
t8	Delay from valid video data from Source to backlight on	Source	80	-	ms	Source must assure display video is stable *: Recommended by INX. To avoid garbage image.
t9	Delay from backlight off to end of valid video data	Source	50	-	ms	Source must assure backlight is no longer illuminated. At the end of T9, Sink will indicate the detection of no valid video data by setting the SINK_STATUS bit to logic 0 (DPCD 00205h, bit 0), and Sink will automatically display Black Video. (See Notes: 2 and 3 below) *: Recommended by INX. To avoid garbage image.
t10	Delay from end of valid video data from Source to power off	Source	0	500	ms	Black video will be displayed after receiving idle or off signals from Source
t11	VCCS power rail fall time, 90% to 10%	Source	0.5	10	ms	-
t12	VCCS Power off time	Source	500	-	ms	-
t_A	LED power rail rise time, 10% to	Source	0.5	10	ms	-

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	90%					
t_B	LED power rail fall time, 90% to 10%	Source	0	10	ms	-
t_C	Delay from LED power rising to LED dimming signal	Source	1	-	ms	-
t_D	Delay from LED dimming signal to LED power falling	Source	1	-	ms	-
t_E	Delay from LED dimming signal to LED enable signal	Source	(0)	-	ms	-
t_F	Delay from LED enable signal to LED dimming signal	Source	(0)	-	ms	-

Note (1) Please don't plug or unplug the interface cable when system is turned on.

Note (2) The Sink must include the ability to automatically generate Black Video autonomously. The Sink must automatically enable Black Video under the following conditions:

- Upon LCDVCC power-on (within T2 max)
- When the "NoVideoStream_Flag" (VB-ID Bit 3) is received from the Source (at the end of T9)

Note (3) The Sink may implement the ability to disable the automatic Black Video function, as described in Note (2), above, for system development and debugging purposes.

Note (4) The Sink must support AUX Channel polling by the Source immediately following LCDVCC power-on without causing damage to the Sink device (the Source can re-try if the Sink is not ready). The Sink must be able to response to an AUX Channel transaction with the time specified within T3 max.

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5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	3.3	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
LED Light Bar Input Current	I_L	72	mA

The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 5.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 5.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0° Viewing Normal Angle	(1200)	(1500)	-	-	(2), (5),(7)
Response Time		T_R		-	(11)	(14)	ms	(3),(7)
		T_F		-	(9)	(11)	ms	
Average Luminance of White		L_{AVE}		340	400	-	cd/m^2	(4), (6),(7)
Color Chromaticity	Red	Rx		Typ – 0.03	(0.640)	Typ + 0.03	-	(1),(7)
		Ry			(0.330)		-	
	Green	Gx			(0.300)		-	
		Gy			(0.600)		-	
	Blue	Bx			(0.150)		-	
		By			(0.060)		-	
	White	Wx			(0.313)		-	
		Wy			(0.329)		-	
Color gamut		C.G		(68)	(72)		%	(8)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_x+	CR≥10	(80)	(89)		Deg.	(1),(5), (7)
		θ_x-		(80)	(89)	-		
	Vertical	θ_Y+		(80)	(89)	-		
		θ_Y-		(80)	(89)	-		
White Variation		δW_{5p}	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0°	(80)	(90)	-	%	(5),(6), (7)
		δW_{13p}	θ_x=0°, θ_Y =0°	(65)	(75)	-	%	

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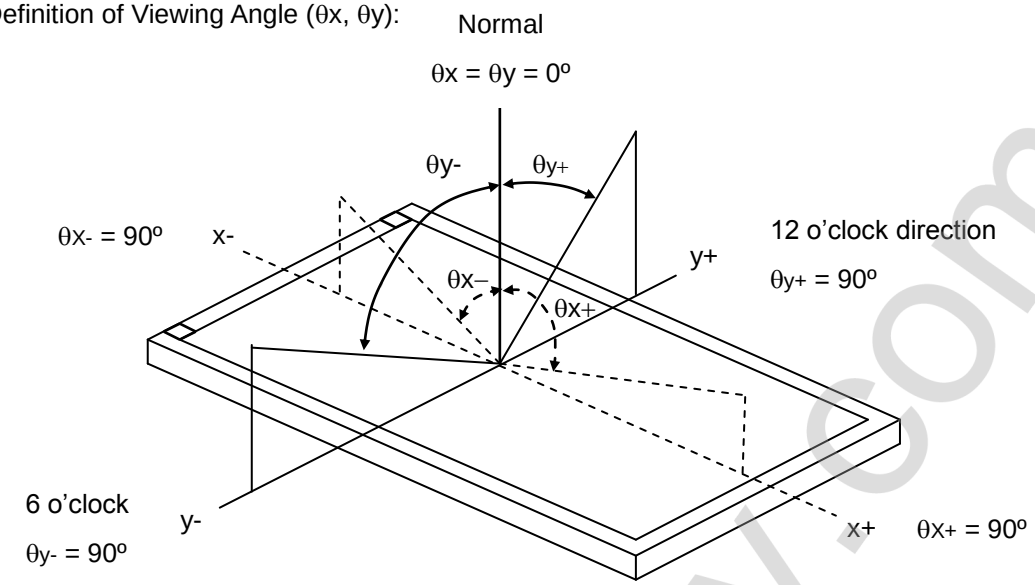
Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx, θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

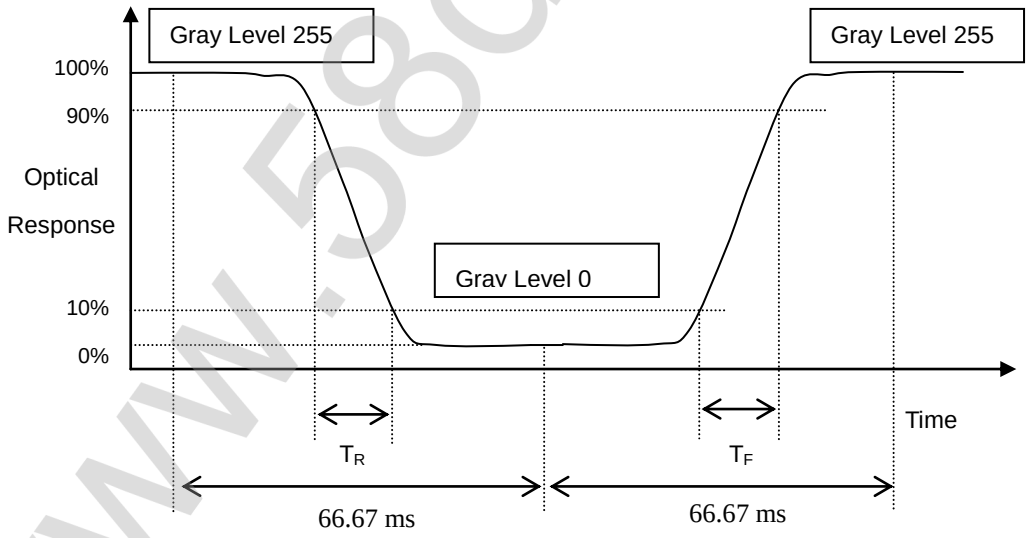
L63: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (1)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (L_{AVE}):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

L_{AVE} = [L (1)+ L (2)+ L (3)+ L (4)+ L (5)] / 5

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

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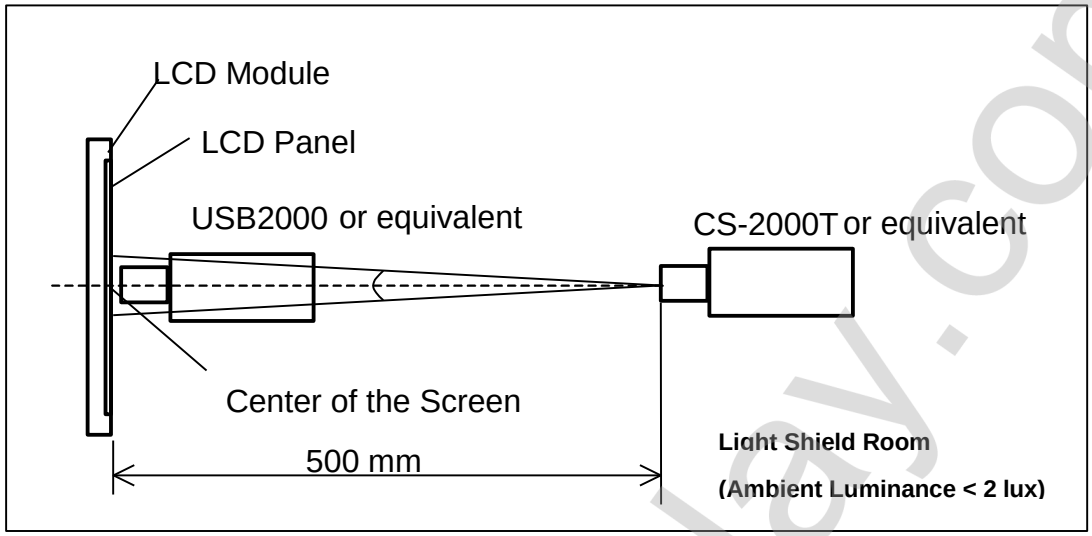
Note (5) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.

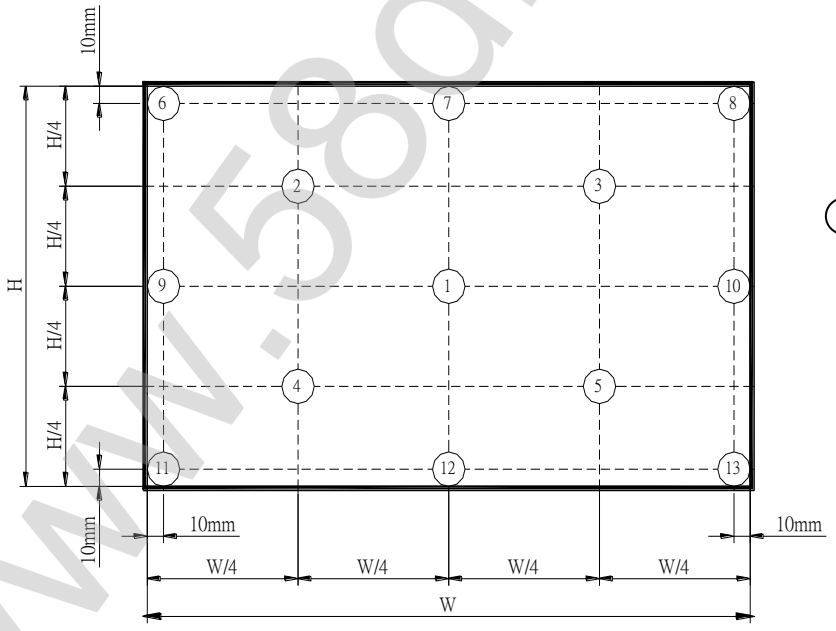


Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

δW_{5p} = {Minimum [L (1)~ L (5)] / Maximum [L (1)~ L (5)]}*100%

δW_{13p} = {Minimum [L (1)~ L (13)] / Maximum [L (1)~ L (13)]}*100%



Ⓧ : Test Point

X=1 to 13

Note (7) The listed optical specifications refer to the initial value of manufacture, but the condition of the specifications after long-term operation will not be warranted.

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Note (8) Definition of color gamut (C.G%):

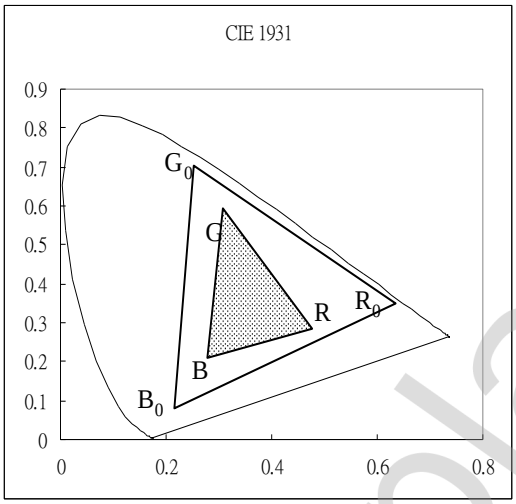
C.G%= R G B / R_0 G_0 B_0,*100%

R_0, G_0, B_0 : color coordinates of red, green, and blue defined by NTSC, respectively.

R, G, B : color coordinates of module on 63 gray levels of red, green, and blue, respectively.

R_0 G_0 B_0 : area of triangle defined by R_0, G_0, B_0

R G B: area of triangle



defined by R, G, B

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6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM

Test Item	Test Condition	Note
High Temperature Storage Test	60ºC, 240 hours	(1) (2)
Low Temperature Storage Test	-20ºC, 240 hours	
Thermal Shock Storage Test	-20ºC, 0.5hour←→60℃, 0.5hour; 100cycles, 1hour/cycle	
High Temperature Operation Test	50ºC, 240 hours	
Low Temperature Operation Test	0ºC, 240 hours	
High Temperature & High Humidity Operation Test	50ºC, RH 80%, 240hours	
ESD Test (Operation)	150pF, 330Ω, 1sec/cycle Condition 1 : Contact Discharge, ±8KV Condition 2 : Air Discharge, ±15KV	(1)
Shock (Non-Operating)	220G, 2ms, half sine wave,1 time for each direction of ±X,±Y,±Z	(1)(3)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	1.5G / 10-500 Hz, Sine wave, 30 min/cycle, 1cycle for each X, Y, Z	(1)(3)

Note (1) criteria : Normal display image with no obvious non-uniformity and no line defect.

Note (2) Evaluation should be tested after storage at room temperature for more than two hour

Note (3) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

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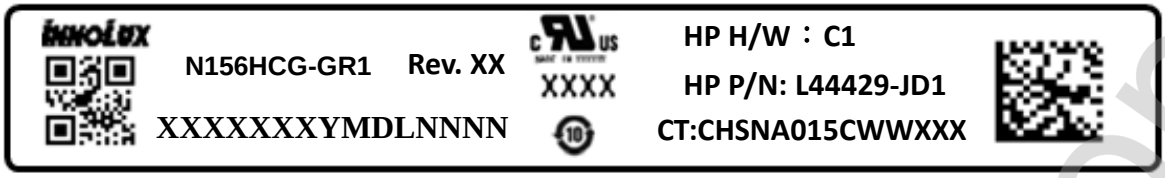
7. PACKING

7.1 MODULE LABEL

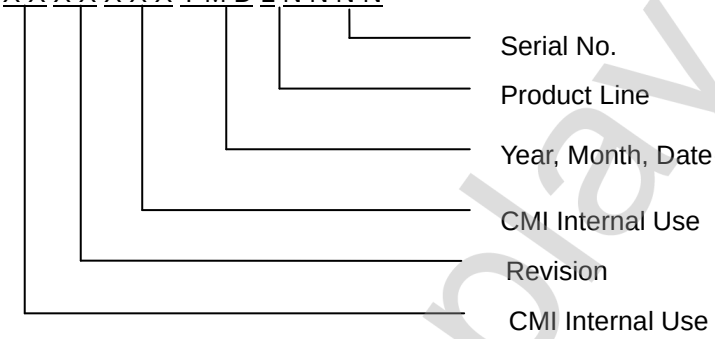
The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: **N156HCG-GR1**

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: C1, C2 …etc. for INX internal used

(c) Serial ID: X X X X X X Y M D L N N N N



(d) Production Location: MADE IN XXXX.

(e) UL Logo: XXXX is UL factory ID. (XXXXX is a blank or a minimum of 4 or 5 English characters, only for INX internal used)

(f) Right side barcode for customer used

Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 0~9, for 2010~2019

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1st to 31st, exclude I , O and U

(b) Revision Code: cover all the change

(c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, …etc.

CT serial ID:

S/N	CT: XXXXXXXXXXXXX
CT:	Title
C	LCD Display Module
HSNA	Assembly Code
XX	Revision
XX	Supplier /Site of MFG
XX	Week/Year of MFG
XXX	Serial number. From 000000 to 999999

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7.2 CARTON

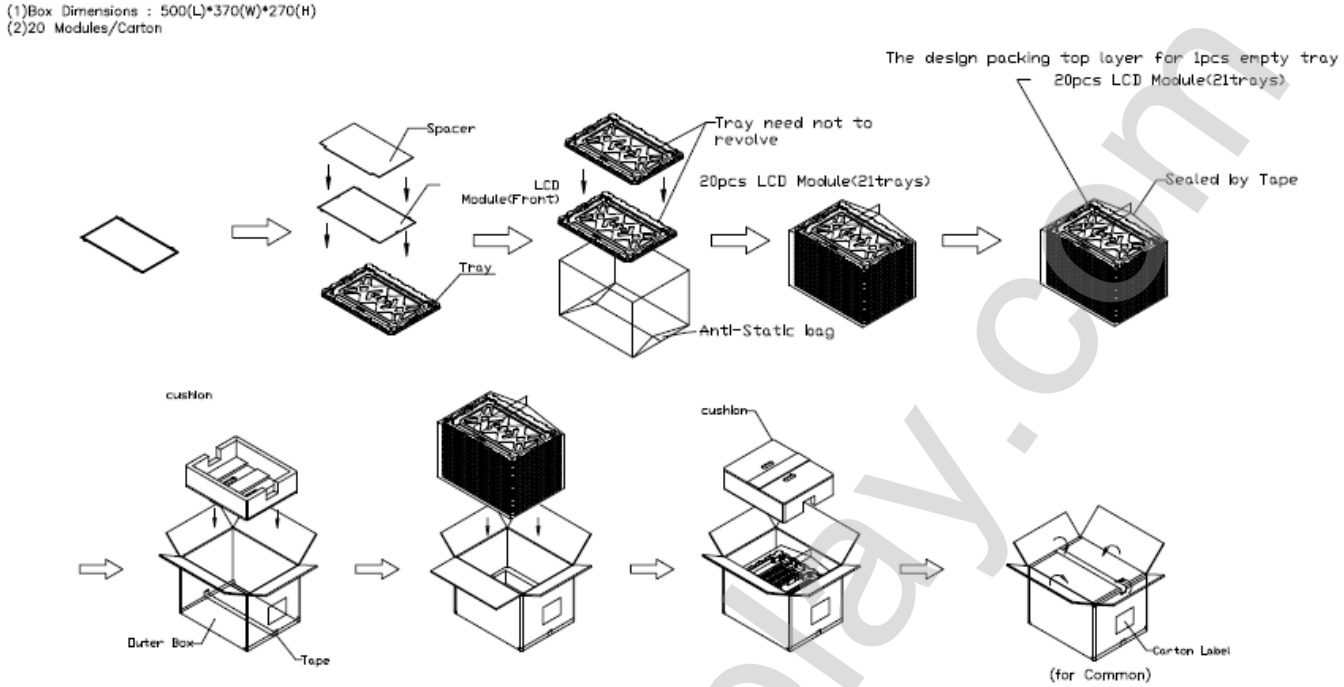

Figure. 7-2 Packing method

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7.3 PALLET

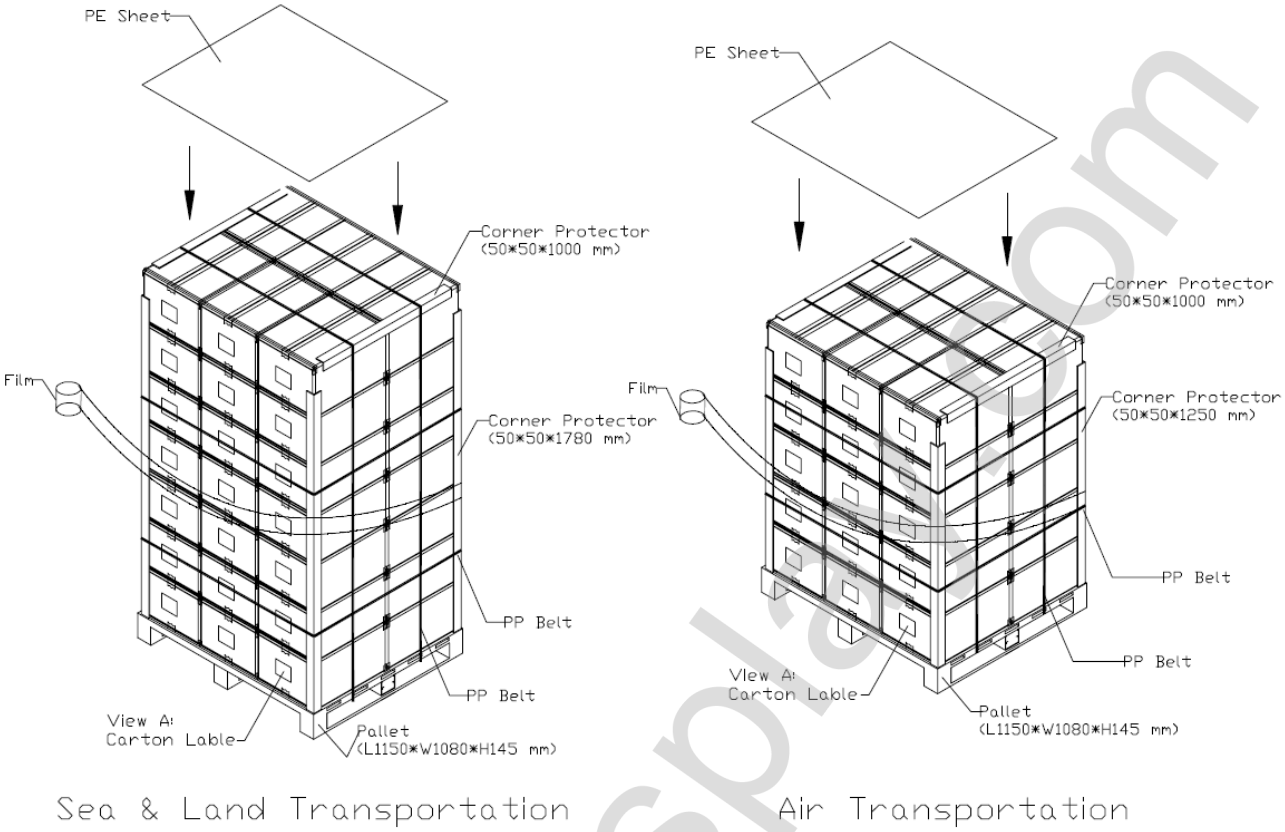

Figure. 7-3 Packing method

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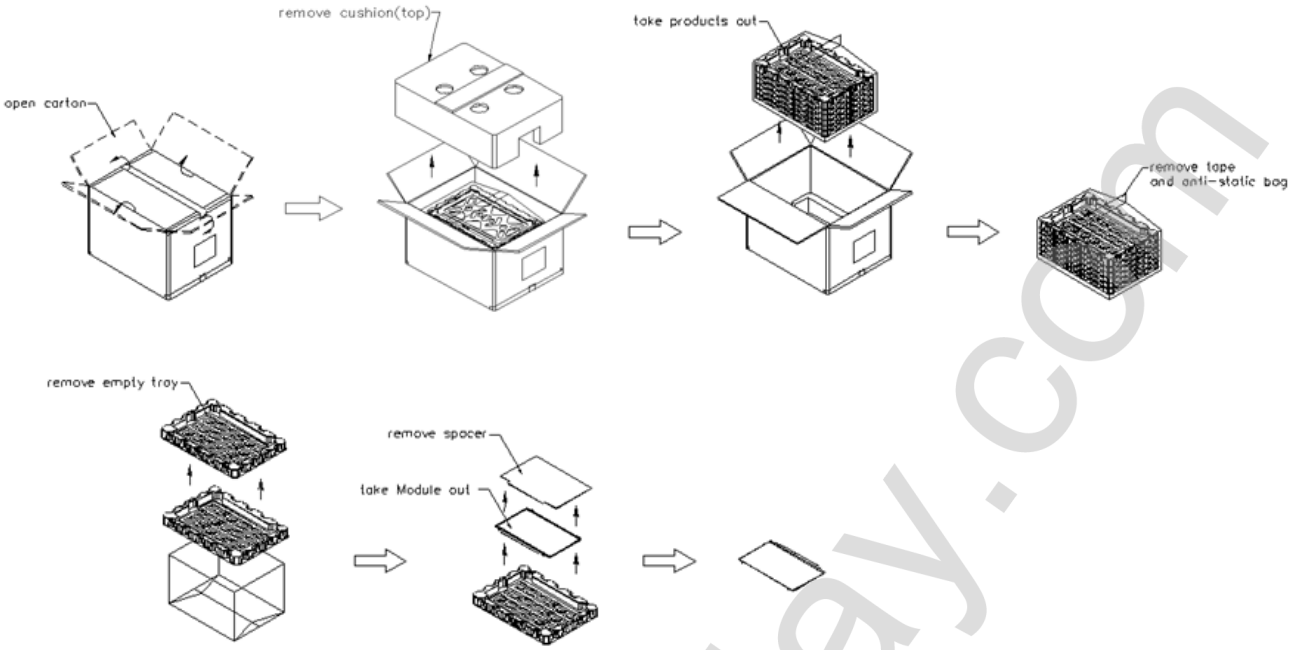
7.4 UN-PACK METHOD



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8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

(1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.

(2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.

(3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.

(4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.

(5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

(6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.

(7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.

(8) Protect the module from static e Figure. 7-4 Un-Packing method C-MOS Gate Array IC.

(9) Do not disassemble the module.

(10) Do not pull or fold the LED wire.

(11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

(12) Do not re-attach protective film onto the polarizer because of risk of bubble mura and dust.

8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

(1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.

(2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.

(3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 ºC. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of LED will be higher than the room temperature.

8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

(1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.

(2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMIS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.

(3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with converter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.

(4) IF system interfere with panel or twist panel while system operation. It may cause ripple or noise or

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other side effect. Please prevent such twist or interfere by system operation

(5) P-cover tape will bulge without external force due to the material character of P-cover tape. The tolerance of P-cover tape thickness will not exceed 2 mm from surface of polarizer and thickness of PCBA side can be reformed to normal thickness by external force

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Appendix. EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the VESA Plug & Display and FPDI standards.

Byte # (decimal)	Byte # (hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value (hex)	Value (binary)
0	00	Header	00	00000000
1	01	Header	FF	11111111
2	02	Header	FF	11111111
3	03	Header	FF	11111111
4	04	Header	FF	11111111
5	05	Header	FF	11111111
6	06	Header	FF	11111111
7	07	Header	00	00000000
8	08	EISA ID manufacturer name ("CMN")	0D	00001101
9	09	EISA ID manufacturer name	AE	10101110
10	0A	ID product code (LSB)	08	00001000
11	0B	ID product code (MSB)	15	00010101
12	0C	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
13	0D	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
14	0E	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
15	0F	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture (fixed week code)	38	00111000
17	11	Year of manufacture (fixed year code)	1C	00011100
18	12	EDID structure version ("1")	01	00000001
19	13	EDID revision ("4")	04	00000100
20	14	Video I/P definition ("Digital")	A5	10100101
21	15	Active area horizontal (“34.416cm“)	22	00100010
22	16	Active area vertical (“19.359cm“)	13	00010011
23	17	Display Gamma (Gamma = "2.2")	78	01111000
24	18	Feature support ("RGB, Non-continous")	02	00000010
25	19	Rx1, Rx0, Ry1, Ry0, Gx1, Gx0, Gy1, Gy0	EE	11101110
26	1A	Bx1, Bx0, By1, By0, Wx1, Wx0, Wy1, Wy0	95	10010101
27	1B	Rx=0.64	A3	10100011
28	1C	Ry=0.33	54	01010100
29	1D	Gx=0.3	4C	01001100
30	1E	Gy=0.6	99	10011001
31	1F	Bx=0.15	26	00100110
32	20	By=0.06	0F	00001111
33	21	Wx=0.313	50	01010000
34	22	Wy=0.329	54	01010100
35	23	Established timings 1	00	00000000
36	24	Established timings 2	00	00000000
37	25	Manufacturer's reserved timings	00	00000000
38	26	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001
39	27	Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001
40	28	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
41	29	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
42	2A	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001

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43	2B	Standard timing ID # 3	01	00000001
44	2C	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
45	2D	Standard timing ID # 4	01	00000001
46	2E	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
47	2F	Standard timing ID # 5	01	00000001
48	30	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
49	31	Standard timing ID # 6	01	00000001
50	32	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
51	33	Standard timing ID # 7	01	00000001
52	34	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
53	35	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
54	36	Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock ("152.84MHz")	B4	10110100
55	37	# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	3B	00111011
56	38	# 1 H active ("1920")	80	10000000
57	39	# 1 H blank ("330")	4A	01001010
58	3A	# 1 H active : H blank	71	01110001
59	3B	# 1 V active ("1080")	38	00111000
60	3C	# 1 V blank ("52")	34	00110100
61	3D	# 1 V active : V blank	40	01000000
62	3E	# 1 H sync offset ("48")	30	00110000
63	3F	# 1 H sync pulse width ("32")	20	00100000
64	40	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width ("3 : 5")	35	00110101
65	41	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width	00	00000000
66	42	# 1 H image size (“344 mm“)	58	01011000
67	43	# 1 V image size (“193 mm“)	C1	11000001
68	44	# 1 H image size : V image size	10	00010000
69	45	# 1 H boarder ("0")	00	00000000
70	46	# 1 V boarder ("0")	00	00000000
71	47	Non-interlaced, Normal Display, Digital separate, Positive Hsync, Negative Vsync	1A	00011010
72	48	Detailed timing description # 2 Pixel clock ("152.84"MHz, According to VESA CVT Rev1.4)	B4	10110100
73	49	# 2 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	3B	00111011
74	4A	# 2 H active ("1920")	80	10000000
75	4B	# 2 H blank ("330")	4A	01001010
76	4C	# 2 H active : H blank ("1920 : 330")	71	01110001
77	4D	# 2 V active ("1080")	38	00111000
78	4E	# 2 V blank ("618")	6A	01101010
79	4F	# 2 V active : V blank ("1080 : 618")	42	01000010
80	50	# 2 H sync offset ("48")	30	00110000
81	51	# 2 H sync pulse width ("32")	20	00100000
82	52	# 2 V sync offset : V sync pulse width ("3 : 5")	35	00110101
83	53	# 2 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width	00	00000000
84	54	# 2 H image size (“344 mm“)	58	01011000
85	55	# 2 V image size (“193 mm“)	C1	11000001
86	56	# 2 H image size : V image size	10	00010000
87	57	# 2 H boarder ("0")	00	00000000
88	58	# 2 V boarder ("0")	00	00000000
89	59	Non-interlaced, Normal Display, Digital separate, Positive Hsync,	1A	00011010

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		Negative Vsync		
90	5A	NA	00	00000000
91	5B	NA	00	00000000
92	5C	NA	00	00000000
93	5D	NA	00	00000000
94	5E	NA	00	00000000
95	5F	NA	00	00000000
96	60	NA	00	00000000
97	61	NA	00	00000000
98	62	NA	00	00000000
99	63	NA	00	00000000
100	64	NA	00	00000000
101	65	NA	00	00000000
102	66	NA	00	00000000
103	67	NA	00	00000000
104	68	NA	00	00000000
105	69	NA	00	00000000
106	6A	NA	00	00000000
107	6B	NA	00	00000000
108	6C	Detailed Timing Description #4	00	00000000
109	6D	Flags	00	00000000
110	6E	Reserved	00	00000000
111	6F	For Brightness Table and Power Consumption	02	00000010
112	70	Flags	00	00000000
113	71	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 0 = 5%	0C	00001100
114	72	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 5 = 15%	26	00100110
115	73	PWM % [7:0] @ Step 10 = 100%	FF	11111111
116	74	Nits [7:0] @ Step 0 = 20nits	14	00010100
117	75	Nits [7:0] @ Step 5 = 60nits	3C	00111100
118	76	Nits [7:0] @ Step 10 = 400nits	C8	11001000
119	77	Panel Electronics Power @32x32 Chess Pattern =480mW	0C	00001100
120	78	Backlight Power @60 nits =375mW	09	00001001
121	79	Backlight Power @Step 10 =2502mW	1F	00011111
122	7A	Nits @ 100% PWM Duty =400nit	C8	11001000
123	7B	Flags	00	00000000
124	7C	Flags	00	00000000
125	7D	Flags	00	00000000
126	7E	Extension flag	00	00000000
127	7F	Checksum	7E	01111110

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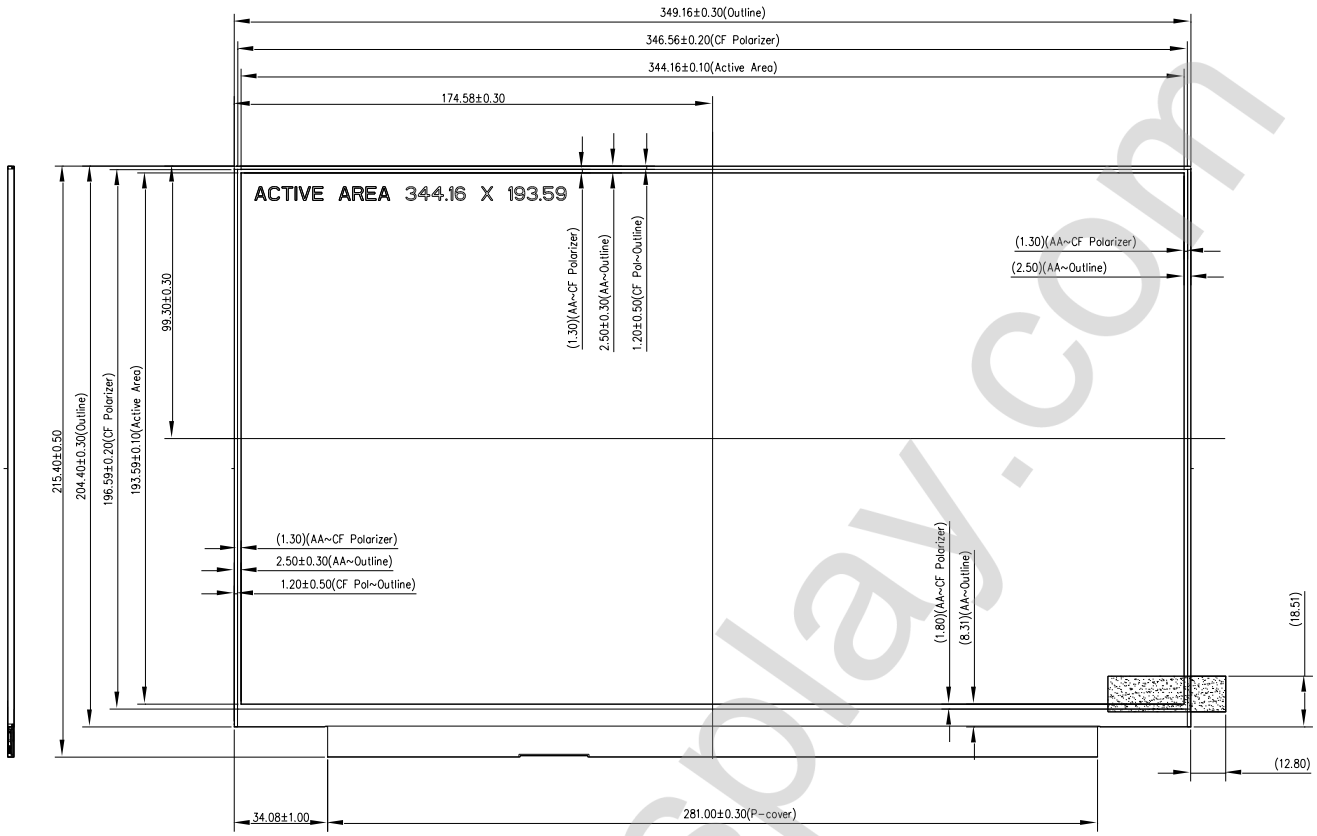
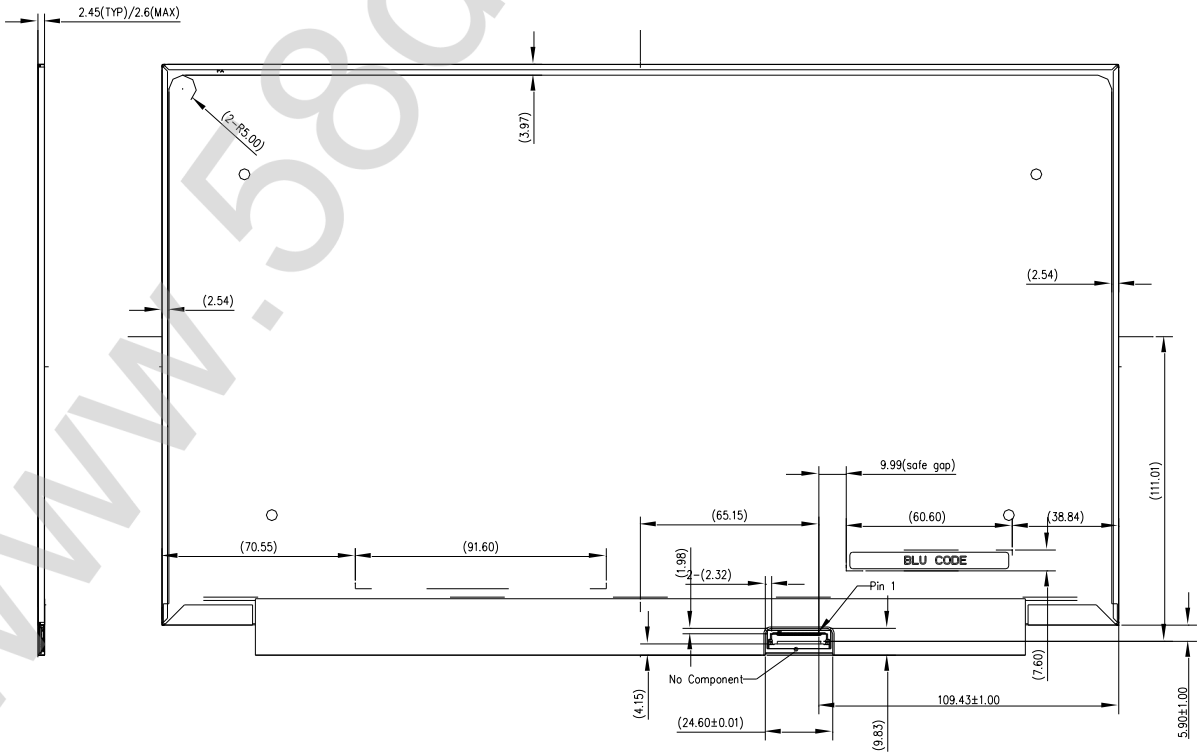
Appendix. OUTLINE DRAWING





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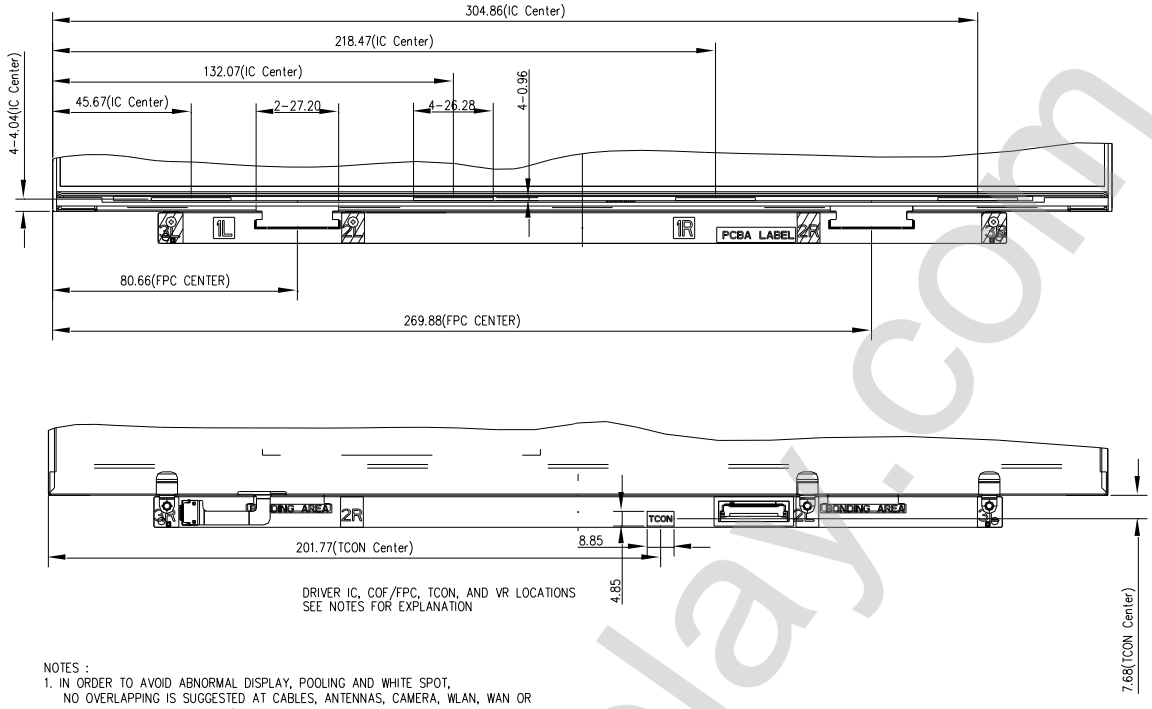

NOTES :
1. IN ORDER TO AVOID ABNORMAL DISPLAY, POOLING AND WHITE SPOT,
   NO OVERLAPPING IS SUGGESTED AT CABLES, ANTENNAS, CAMERA, WLAN, WAN OR
   FOREIGN OBJECTS OVER FPC/COF, T-CON AND VR LOCATIONS.
2. LVDS/EDP CONNECTOR IS MEASURED AT PIN1 AND ITS MATING LINE.
3. "( )" MARKS THE REFERENCE DIMENSION.
4.LCD HIGHEST PORTION MUST BE TOP POLARIZER AND OTHER LCM MATERIALS MUST BE LOWER THAN TOP POLARIZER.
 EXCLUDING FOUR CORNERS , THE SOP SHOULD REFER TO "DN0566762" IN INX
5.MEASUREMENT OF THICKNESS MUST BE MEASURED BY CALIPER OR MICROMETER.

Note. Dimensions measuring instruments as below,

1. Length/ Width/Thickness : Caliper
2. Height : Height gauge

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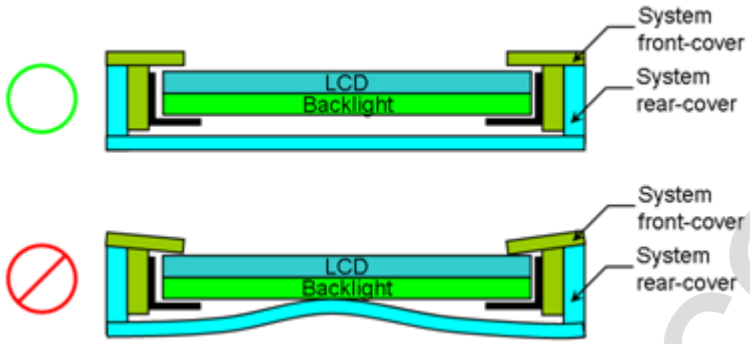
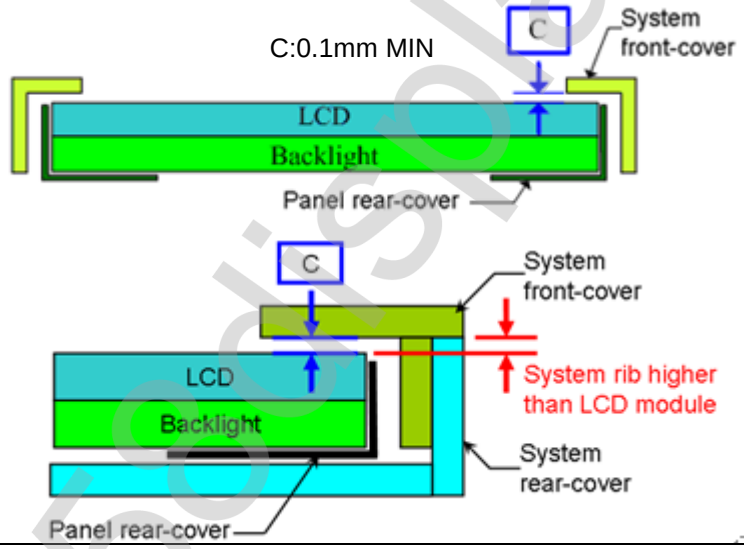
Appendix. SYSTEM COVER DESIGN GUIDANCE

0.	**Permanent deformation of system cover after reliability test**
	
Definition	System cover including front and rear cover may deform during reliability test. Permanent deformation of system front and rear cover after reliability test should not interfere with panel. Because it may cause issues such as pooling, abnormal display, white spot, and also cell crack. Note: If the interference can not be avoided, please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.
1	**Design gap C between system front-cover & panel surface.**
	
Definition	Gap between system front-cover & panel surface is needed to prevent pooling or glass broken. Zero gap or interference such as burr and warpage from mold frame may cause pooling issue near system font-cover opening edge. This phenomenon is obvious during swing test, hinge test, knock test, or during pooling inspection procedure. To remain sufficient gap, design with system rib higher than maximum panel thickness is recommended. Note: If the interference can not be avoided, please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.

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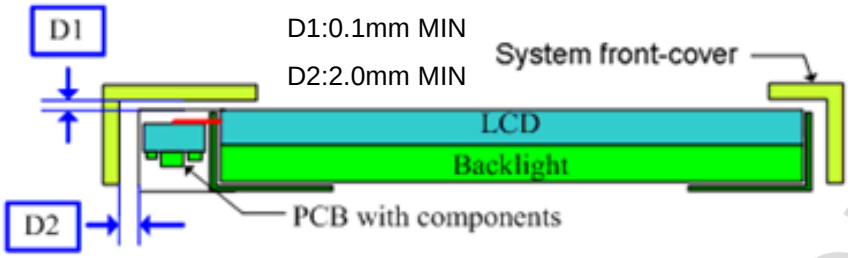
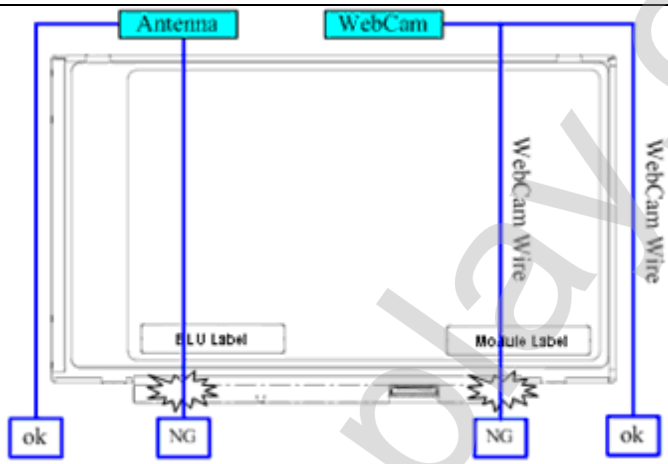
2	**Design gap D1 & D2 between system front-cover & PCB Assembly.**
	
Definition	Same as point 2 and 3, but focus on PCBA side.
3	**Interference examination of antenna cable and WebCam wire**
	
Definition	Antenna cable or WebCam wire should not overlap with panel outline. Because issue such as abnormal display & white spot after backpack test, hinge test, twist test or pogo test may occur. Note: If the interference can not be avoided, please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.
4	**Interference examination of antenna cable and Web Cam wire**

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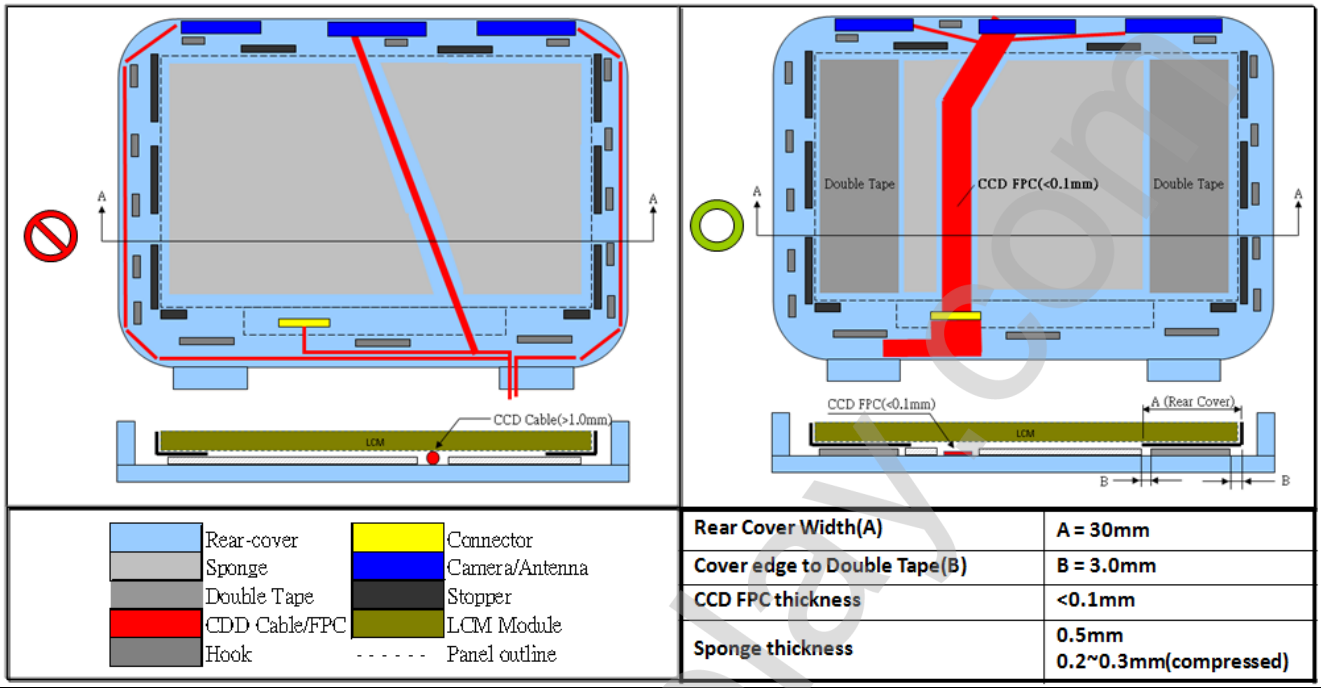
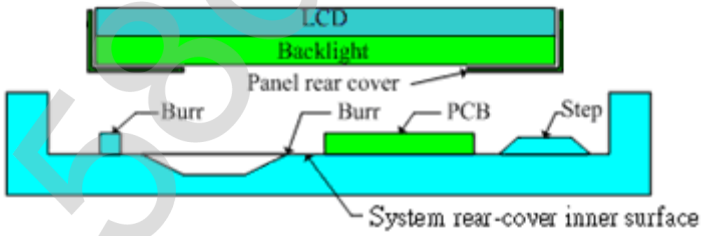
- To prevent panel damage, we suggest using CCD FPC to replace CCD cable
- Using double tape to fix LCM module for no bracket design.



Rear Cover Width(A)	A = 30mm
Cover edge to Double Tape(B)	B = 3.0mm
CCD FPC thickness	<0.1mm
Sponge thickness	0.5mm 0.2~0.3mm(compressed)

Definition	If the antenna cable or Web Cam wire must overlap with the panel outline, both sides of the antenna cable or Web Cam wire must have a sponge(Sponge material can not contain NH3) and sponge require higher antenna cable or Web Cam wire.(Antenna cable or Web Cam wire should not overlap with TCON,COF/FPC,Driver IC) Note: If the interference can not be avoided, please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer for collaboration design. We can help to verify and pass risk assessment for customer reference.
5	**System rear-cover inner surface examination**



Definition	Burr at logo edge, steps, protrusions or PCB board may cause stress concentration. White spot or glass broken issue may occur during reliability test.

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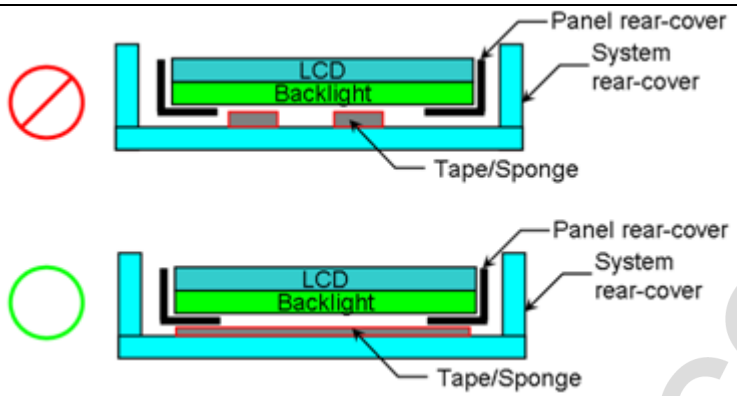
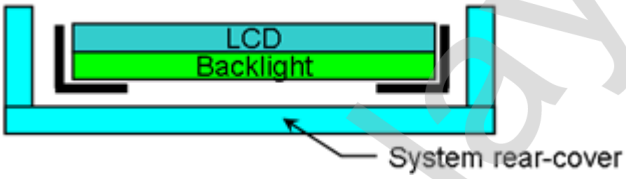
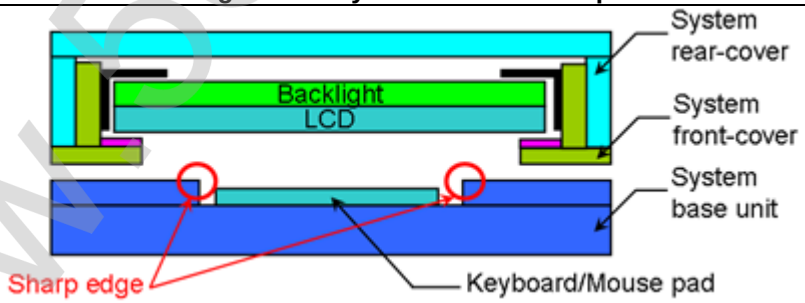
6	**Tape/sponge design on system inner surface**
	
Definition	To prevent abnormal display & white spot after scuffing test, hinge test, pogo test, backpack test, tape/sponge should be well covered under panel rear-cover. Because tape/sponge in separate location may act as pressure concentration location.
7	**Material used for system rear-cover**
	 System rear-cover material: Al-Mg alloy System rear-cover thickness:1.5mm MIN
Definition	System rear-cover material with high rigidity is needed to resist deformation during scuffing test, hinge test, pogo test, or backpack test. Abnormal display, white spot, pooling issue may occur if low rigidity material is used. Solid structure design of system rear-cover may also influence the rigidity of system rear-cover. The deformation of system rear-cover should not caused interference.
8	**System base unit design near keyboard and mouse pad**
	
Definition	To prevent abnormal display & white spot after scuffing test, hinge test, pogo test, backpack test, sharp edge design in keyboard surface may damage panel during the test. We suggest to use slope edge design, or to reduce the thickness difference of keyboard/mouse pad from the nearby surface.

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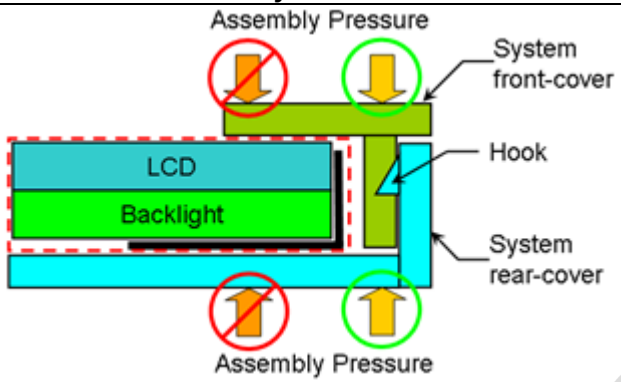
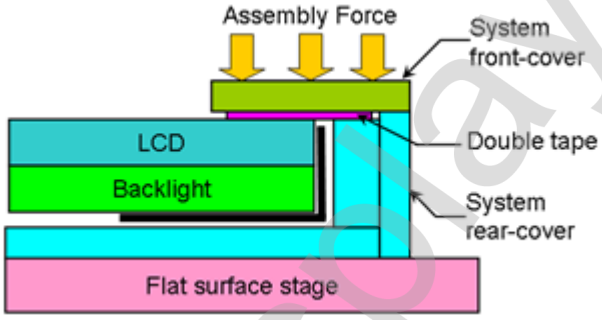
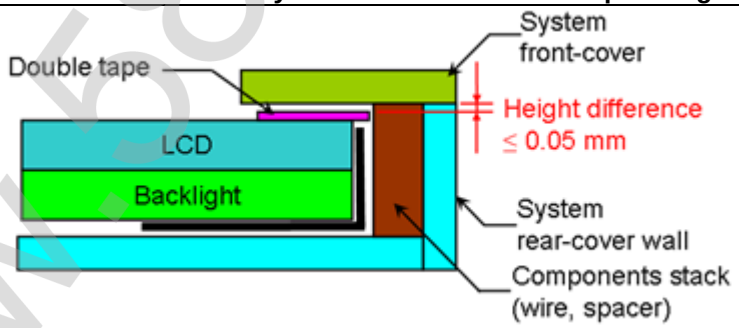
9	**Assembly SOP examination for system front-cover with Hook design**
	
Definition	To prevent panel crack during system front-cover assembly process with hook design, it is not recommended to press panel or any location that related directly to the panel.
10	**(Only for TN type panel)** **Assembly SOP examination for system front-cover with Double tape design**
	
Definition	To prevent panel crack during system front-cover assembly process with double tape design, it is only allowed to give slight pressure (MAX 3 Kgf/50mm2) with large contact area. This can help to distribute the stress and prevent stress concentration. We also suggest putting the system on a flat surface stage to prevent unequal stress distribution during the assembly. **Notice: If IPS glass, do not use double tape fixed front-cover and LCD, to avoid the IPS glass light leakage.**
11	**(Only for TN type panel)** **System front-cover assembly reference with Double tape design**
	
Definition	To prevent system front-cover peeling at double tape contact area, Height difference between system front-cover assembly reference such as wall or components stack (wire, spacer) and double tape top surface must be less than 0.05mm. **Notice: If IPS glass, do not use double tape fixed front-cover and LCD, to avoid the IPS glass light leakage.**

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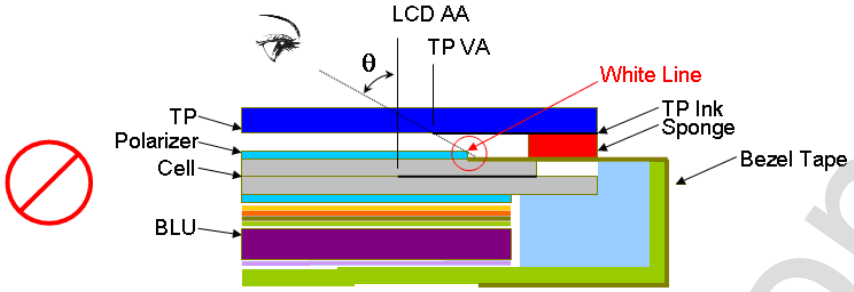
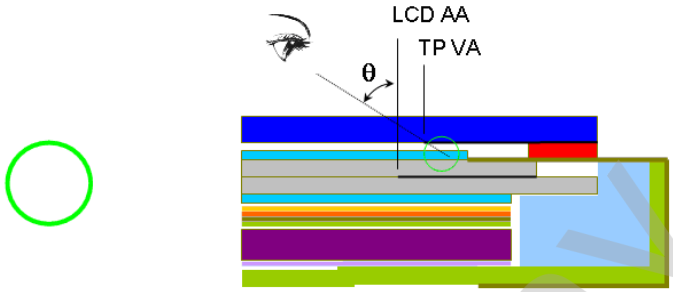
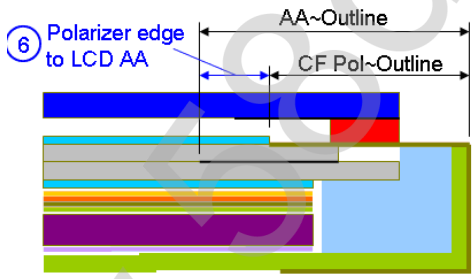
12	Touch Application : TP and LCD Module Combination for White Line Prevention

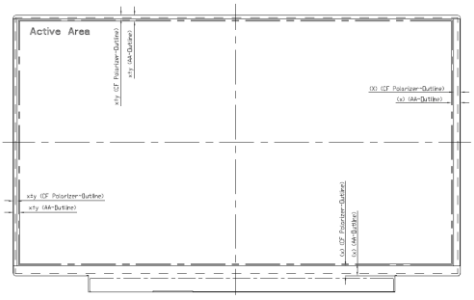




Parameter consideration for White Line Issue :	
1	TP VA to LCD AA distance
2	TP Assembly tolerance
3	TP Ink Printing tolerance
4	Sponge thickness and tolerance
5	Inspection/Viewing Angle specification
6	Polarizer edge to LCD AA distance and tolerance

Polarizer edge to LCD AA distance can be derived by “AA~Outline” – “CF Pol~Outline” with respect to INX 2D Outline Drawing on each side.





Definition	For using in Touch Application: to prevent White Line appears between TP and LCD module combination, the maximum inspection angle location must not fall onto LCD polarizer edge, otherwise light line near edge of polarizer will be appear. Parameters such as TP VA to LCD AA distance, TP assembly tolerance, TP Ink printing tolerance, Sponge thickness and tolerance, and Maximum Inspection/Viewing Angle, must be considered with respect to LCD module’s Polarizer edge location and tolerance. This consideration must be taken at all four edges separately. The goal is to find parameters combination that allow maximum inspection angle falls inside polarizer black margin area. Note: Information for Polarizer edge location and its tolerance can be derived from INX 2D Outline Drawing (“AA ~Outline“ - “CF Pol~Outline”). Note: Please feel free to contact INX FAE Engineer. By providing value of parameters above on each side, we can help to verify and pass the white line risk assessment for customer reference.

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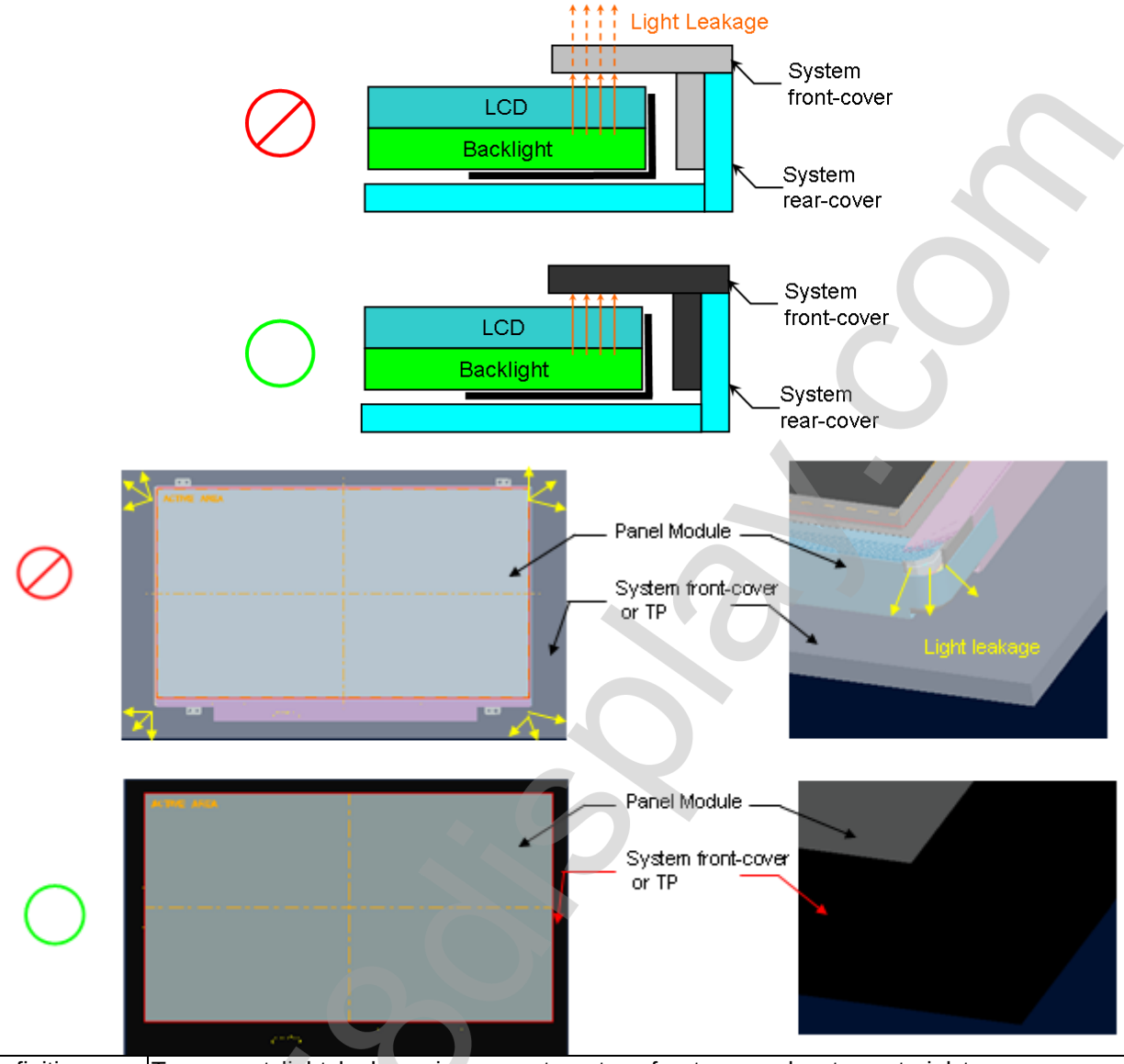
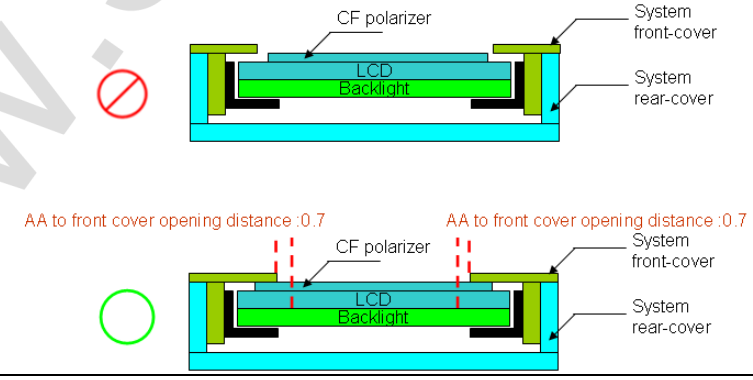
13	**Color of system front-cover material**
	
Definition	To prevent light leakage is seen at system front-cover due to material transparency, we suggest using dark color material (black) for system front-cover design.
14	**AA to front cover opening distance**
	
Definition	To prevent CF polarizer edge leakage .We suggest front cover opening no more than 0.7mm larger than active area on all 4 sides.
15	**Use OCR Lamination**

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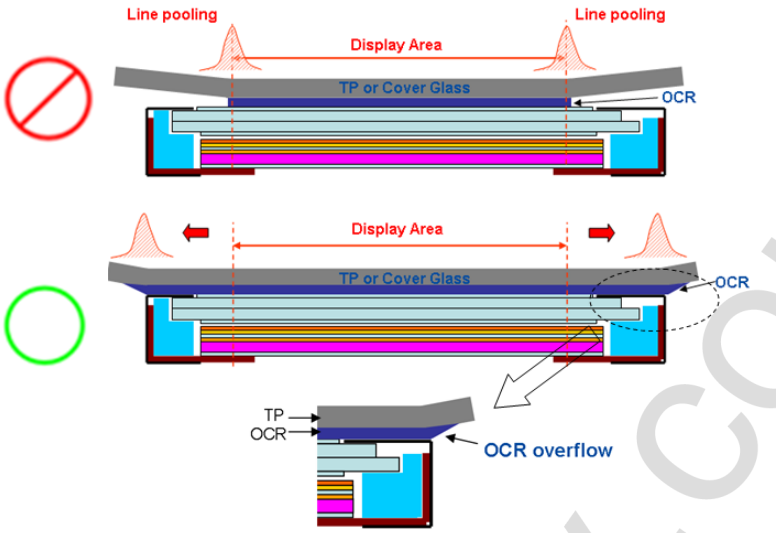
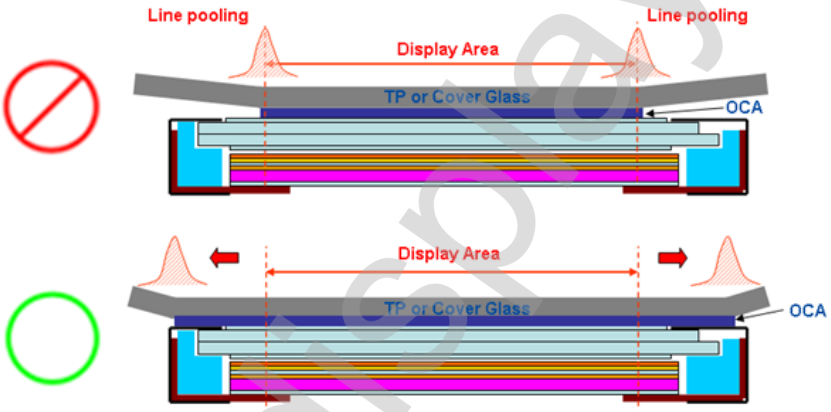


Definition	OCR glue as possible beyond module, in order to avoid Line Pooling
16	**Use OCA Lamination**



Definition	OCA glue as possible plastered throughout the module, in order to avoid Line Pooling.

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Appendix. LCD MODULE HANDLING MANUAL

Purpose	• **This SOP is prepared to prevent panel dysfunction possibility through incorrect handling procedure.** • **This manual provides guide in unpacking and handling steps.** • **Any person which may contact / related with panel, should follow guide stated in this manual to prevent panel loss.**
1.	**Unpacking**

2.	**Panel Lifting**

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Remove PET Cover

Remove PE Foam

Handle with care
(see next page)

Finger Slot

Use slots at both sides for finger insertion.
Handle panel upward with care.

3.	Do and Don't

Do :

- Handle with both hands.
- Handle panel at left and right edge.

Don't :

- Lifting with one hand.

- Handle at PCBA side.

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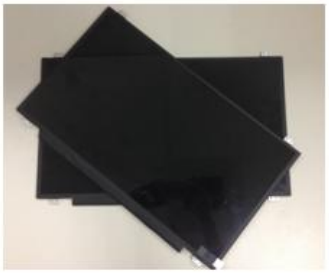
Don't :

- Stack panels.



- Press panel.

Don't :

- Put foreign stuff onto panel

- Put foreign stuff under panel

Don't :

- Paste any material unto white reflector sheet

Don't :

- Pull / Push white reflector sheet

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Don't :

- Hold at panel corner.

Don't :

- Twist panel.

Do :

- Hold panel at top edge while inserting connector.

Don't :

- Press white reflector sheet while inserting connector.

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Do :

- Remove panel protector film starts from pull tape

Don't :

- Remove panel protector film From film another side.

Don't :

- Touch or Press PCBA Area.

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